

# **MODEL F3C**

CLASS: Sludge and slurry handling

**CONSTRUCTION: Carbon Steel** 

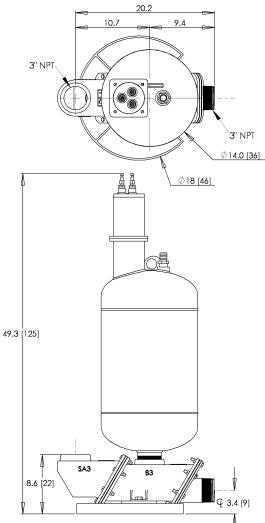
CAPACITY: 0-84 gpm [318 lpm]

DISCHARGE PRESSURE: 0-125 psi [8.6 Bar]

MAX SOLID: 3" [7.6 cm]

### **CONFIGURATION OPTIONS**

- ELECTRO-PNEUMATIC CONTROL (for non-explosion proof environments)
- GRAVITY FILLED
- FLOW INDUCED (vacuum assisted fill)
- HIGH TEMPERATURE (212F/100C)



Large stroke volume = low cycle and wear rates

Low internal velocities = low erosive wear

#### **APPLICATION EXAMPLES**

Clarifier sludge transfer, sludge de-watering feed to plate and frame filter press, belt filter press, rotary drum filter, muds, BOF sludge, municipal primary and secondary sludge, sand, silt, stone cutting run-off, TiO2 transfer and de-watering, diatomaceous earth, coal fines, mill scale, hot slurries. Fluid must be water-based/conductive.

## **QUICK SPECS**

• Weight: 143 lbs [65 kg]

• Stroke Volume: 14 gal [53 l]

Operating Levels: 'Gravity' - 30" [76 cm]

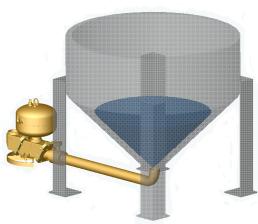
Optional Suction Lift: 'Flow Induced' - 120"[3 m] maximum lift

(see reverse side for explanation)

Panel Required: DP310

See reverse side for Specification Details, Flow Curve and Air Consumption



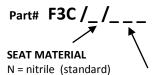


Gravity operation (left) requires an operating level equal to or above the top of the pump (appr 30" above grade).

No compressed air is required for the fill stroke.

F3 flow inducement (right) uses an air powered, vacuum generator on the exhaust valve of the control panel. It applies vacuum to the pump during the fill stroke to pull fluid up into the pump. 10 ft of lift is the recommended

\*see note below chart for additional air consumption



To specify a pump select a control panel (required) and seat option. Nitrile (std) 15 ft airlines are provided.

**PANEL OPTIONS** 

V = vitonDP310G3 = electro-pneumatic, dual probe, gravity fed. T = teflon DP310F3 = electro-pneumatic, dual probe, flow induced.

UHD = hard urethane

E = epdm

K = kynar

F3C/N/DP310G3 = 3" steel filter press feed pump with nitrile seats, DP310G3 control panel.

#### Valve seat selection:

HEAD ....

- Nitrile good all-purpose elastomer. Medium chemical, oil and solvent resistance, used up to 150°F.
- Viton excellent resistance to oxidizers and solvents. Medium strength, used up to 250°F.
- Teflon excellent chemical resistance to acids, bases and solvents. Lower cycle life, non-elastomeric, used up to 300°F.
- Hard Urethane high durometer with good abrasion resistance with mild chemical resistance, used up to 150°F.
- EPDM good heat and acid/base resistance but poor hydrocarbon resistance, used up to 300°F.
- PVDF (kynar) excellent chemical resistance, toughness and resistance to cold flow (thermoplastic). Good cycle life and can be used up to 250°F.

## **MAXIMUM FLOW CURVE**

with air consumption in SCFM (gravity mode)

| HEAD meters |      |    |    |     |     |     |                             |     |     |     |     |
|-------------|------|----|----|-----|-----|-----|-----------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| 220 ft      | 67.1 | 11 | 22 | 33  | 44  | 55  | Operating Flow Capacity:    |     |     |     |     |
| 200 ft      | 61.0 | 10 | 20 | 30  | 41  | \$1 | anywhere in shaded area.    |     |     |     |     |
| 180 ft      | 54.9 | 9  | 19 | 28  | 37  | 46  | Air consumption: pick       |     |     |     |     |
| 160 ft      | 48.8 | 8  | 17 | 25  | 34  | 42  | closest cell to your flow & |     |     |     |     |
| 140 ft      | 42.7 | 8  | 15 | 23  | 30  | 38  | \ pressure                  |     |     |     |     |
| 120 ft      | 36.6 | 7  | 13 | 20  | 27  | 33  | 40                          | 47  | 53  | 60  | 67  |
| 100 ft      | 30.5 | 6  | 12 | 17  | 23  | 29  | 35                          | 41  | 46  | 52  | 58  |
| 80 ft       | 24.4 | 5  | 10 | 15  | 20  | 25  | 30                          | 35  | 39  | 44  | 49  |
| 60 ft       | 18.3 | 4  | 8  | 12  | 16  | 20  | 24                          | 28  | 33  | 37  | 41  |
| 40 ft       | 12.2 | 3  | 6  | 10  | 13  | 16  | 19                          | 22  | 26  | 29  | 32  |
| 20 ft       | 6.1  | 2  | 5  | 7   | 9   | 12  | 14                          | 16  | 19  | 21  | 23  |
| 10 ft       | 3.0  | 2  | 4  | 6   | 8   | 10  | 11                          | 13  | 15  | 17  | 19  |
| GPM         |      | 10 | 20 | 30  | 40  | 50  | 60                          | 70  | 80  | 90  | 100 |
| lpm         |      | 38 | 76 | 114 | 151 | 189 | 227                         | 265 | 303 | 341 | 379 |

Example 1 (gravity fill): 60 gpm @ 20 ft TDH requires 14 SCFM

\*Note for flow inducement: add 0.36 x gpm to the air consumption.



Panel Requirements: Compressed air or

dry gas, unlubricated, recommended 80

psi delivered through 3/4" pipe or equal

and 110 vac (<1 A) power.

Example 2 (flow induced): 60 gpm @ 20 ft using suction lift. Since 60 gpm at 20 ft uses 14 scfm (from chart), then add 0.36 scfm per gpm to the consumption; in this case  $60 \times 0.36$  scfm or 21.4 scfm. The total consumption is 14 + 21.4 = 35.4 scfm.